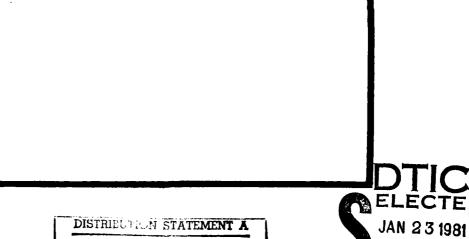
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FACTOR IDENTIFICATION AND FACTOR SCORE ESTIMATION IN ORGANIZATIONAL ENVIRONMENTS

William H. Hendrix, Lt Col, USAF

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Assertes of factor analyses were performed to extract organizational factors from data collected (N=4786) on Air Force personnel using the Organizational Assessment Package (OAP). The 22 factors extracted were orthogonally rotated and then each rotated factor had its internal consistency computed using the Cronbach Alpha technique. In order to reduce the number of items within the OAP, a factor score estimation methodology was developed. This included computing factor coefficients for use in deriving factor scores. Then a sub-set of items for each factor was regressed against factor scores as a means of factor score estimation. Factors, factor score coefficients, and factor score estimation results are presented.

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FACTOR IDENTIFICATION AND FACTOR SCORE ESTIMATION IN ORGANIZATIONAL ENVIRONMENTS

A School of Systems and Logistics AU-AFIT-LS Technical Report

Air University

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Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio

Ву

William H. Hendrix Lieutenant Colonel, USAF

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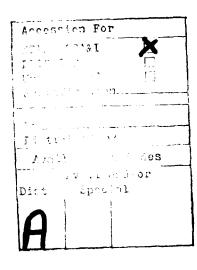


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FACTOR IDENTIFICATION AND FACTOR SCORE ESTIMATION IN ORGANIZATIONAL ENVIRONMENTS

Introduction

Within organizations, management is concerned with how well their organization meets their objectives. These objectives are frequently measured in terms of productivity, cost savings, and retention of personnel. The Air Force continues to be vitally concerned with this area of organizational effectiveness. This interest includes organizational behavior research, implementation of organizational effectiveness programs such as job enrichment, and evaluation of organizational development programs Air Force wide.

Problem

The Organizational Assessment Package (OAP) (Hendrix & Halverson, 1979) was developed by the Air Force Human Resources Laboratory for use by the Air Forces' Leadership and Management Development Center in assessing organizational effectiveness. The OAP was developed within a contingency model of management framework. The model assumed organizational effectiveness to be a function of the manager, the situational environment, and criteria of success. The OAP was composed of a Background Information section and five attitudinal sections which were entitled: Job Satisfaction Questionnaire, Organizational Climate Inventory, Perceived Productivity Inventory, Job Inventory, and Supervisor Inventory. This paper reports results of a series of factor analyses performed on data collected using the Organizational

This research was presented at the Eighty-seventh Annual Convention of the American Psychological Association, New York, New York, 1-5 September 1979.

Assessment Package (OAP). The problem was to identify those organizational factors measured by the OAP, and develop a method for efficiently measuring individual factor scores.

Subjects

The subjects were 4786 military and civilian personnel at 5 Air Force bases representing 6 major commands. Of these, approximately 86% were male, 14% female, 17% officers, 65% enlisted, and 18% civilians.

Procedure

The Organizational Assessment Package (OAP) was administered to Air Force personnel by consultants from the Air Force's Leadership and Management Development Center. Respondents completed the OAP by providing their responses on an optical scan answer form. The optical scan answer sheets were shipped to the Air Force Human Resources Laboratory for data analysis.

Data Analysis

Data collected using the Organizational Assessment Package (OAP) was subjected to a series of orthogonally rotated factor analyses. Five separate factor analyses were performed; one on each of the 5 attitudinal sections in the OAP. In addition, factor score coefficients for each factor were computed. This provided a means of computing a factor score for each individual on a given factor. The next analysis involved establishing the internal consistency of each factor using the Cronbach Alpha (Cronbach, 1951) technique. The highest loading two items had their Cronbach Alpha index computed first, and iteratively the next highest loading item was added until all items logically loading together were computed. The final analysis involved developing prediction equations to predict factor scores from a small sub-set of items for each factor.

Results

The five separate factor analyses resulted in twenty-two factors being extracted. Table 1 lists the factors extracted, the percent total variance

extracted. Table 1 lists the factors extracted, the percent total variance accounted for by each factor, each factor's highest loading, and the number of loadings above .50.

Table 1 OAP Section Factor Analyses (Rotated Factors)

Section/Factor	Percent Total Variance	Highest Leading	Loading Above .50
	Job Inventory		
Job Engelment	12.24	.73	y
Freedom-Autonomy	6.34	.79	3
Tune Management	6.82	.80	4
Supervisor Influence	7.33	.77	4
Advancement	4.95	.80	3
Work Group Performance	5.90	.74	3
Equipment - Work Space	3.90	.74	2
Work Repetition	4.11	.81	2
Task Accomplishment	4.06	.64	3
Total	55.70		
Ота	pnizational Climate Inven	ntory	
General Climate	33.56	.76	17
Communications/Planning	24.62	.86	8
Total	58.18		
	Supervisory Inventory		
Management-Supervision	30.56	.77	27
Supervisor Assistance/Feedback	26.51	.76	20
Autonomous Control	5.59	.69	4
Total	62.63		
	Need for Enrichment (NE	i)	
Meaningful-Responsible Work	49.17	.87	8
Repetitive-Easy Job	15.92	.85	2
Total	65.09		
	Perceived Productivity		
tiigh Productivity	43.82	.83	5
Performance Disruption	17.51	.78	2
Total	61.32		
	Job Satisfaction		
General Satisfaction	36.50	.77	16
Base Facilities	8.70	.79	3
Training	5.37	.53	2
Local Area Social	5.17	.67	2
Total	55.74		

The Coefficient Alpha indices computed for items on each factor served as a cutting point for establishing the sub-set of reliable items in each factor to use in predicting the factor scores obtained by using all items loading on a given factor. Table 2 lists the factor loadings for OAP variables and the Coefficient Alpha indices. The data indicate a small sub-set (e.g., 3-10) could be reliably used to measure the larger set of factor items (e.g., 30). The results associated with the development of regression equations for predicting factor scores from a small number of variables is provided in Table 3. The R² values associated with each factor indicates that most of the predictive variance can be accounted for by the factor estimate equations which contain significantly fewer variables than used to compute the original factor scores.

Conclusion

The Organizational Assessment Package (OAP) provides the Air Force with an attitudinal survey which measures 22 orthogonal organizational factors.

Not all items in the OAP were required in order to reliably compute individual factor scores. They could be reliably estimated from a smaller sub-set. The OAP, therefore, can be reduced in length by deletion of those items not required

Table 2 OAP Sections Detailed Factor Analyses

/ br .	Loading	Alpha	Var.	Loading	Aipha	Var	Loading	Alpha	Ver.	Looding	Alah
					Situaturnal	Fuancour	ent				
	• • • •						Planning and		Ens	mercane fully	ance A
	Job Enrichme	At		Autono			ne Managem	- Carr			
15	73		213	79		224	80		247	77	79
44	70	Hod	204	7 8	वान्	223	68	714	246	.74	19
10	0.3	794	214	63	R 7q	225	61	.71 d	245	74	86
03	61	Riq	248	49	840	222	.59	.704	248	60	84
01	.58	R 3rt	205	41	84	219	.45	.70 0 71 0	216	.44 .38	.85
11.2	54	844	209	16	.86	229	.39	./1 u //3 u	241	.3 a 31	.85
30	.52	829	21.1	.35	. 36	232	16		217	31	.86
09	.51	HOU.	246	28		231	35	764	244	.27	.00
17	49	874	231	.28		215	.35	.784	220		
02	.49	. 87 U	202	.25		241	.25		236	.26	
	Advancemen Recugnition			uipnient/M cs/God Ch		w	ud Kepetit	in a	Tank	. Acoum pliah	ment ^c
	Kernalitation		344	CE/COULL CE	unty-		OIS KEPSIN			7,000	
239	.XU		208	.14		226	.81		218	.64	
240	64	694	207	ده.	.5 34	227	.80	.714	206	.52	.32
234	61	691	220	14	56	228	47	.62	228	.51	.40
41	48	754	211	• 1	62	225	.23		212	.42	.46
133	.27		209	343	.70	244	22		201	.41	.58
111	21		217	564	75	215	.17		202	.32	63
235	.21		221	28		223	.17		230	.31	.68
44	.20		213	26		200	.17		220	27	
214	19		202	2.2		202	.16		221	.27	
221	.19		2 34	21		203	. 15		217	.22	
			Super	Almin June	ntury	. 					
	Management Supervision		Ass	Superview Market/Fee		Aut	Autorumen momous Co				
404	.17		435	76		421	69				
412	.76	Bod.	437	74	H S H	419	.65	.534			
413	73	gyd byg	442	7.1	87d	415	.56	Šid			
416	72	god	413	.11	914	417	.56	584			
411	72	yı d	431	71	.92	434	.35	.55			
414	.71	ý jd	436	69	92	425	.31	.60			
405	70	9 ရှိပါ	429	848	.93	422	.29	.66			
410	.68	المهرو	4 38	6.7	94	443	.29				
440	68	95	428	.00	.95	403	.28				
406	.63	24	427	.62	.95	426	.26				
	Onju	MKNINE (1	imae inve	ntory				Perceived	Productiv	rity	
	General Organization	ıal		Organizatio Ommunicat	tuns.		Hugh			Performane	
	Churate			Chmme		. — —	Productivit	<u>y</u>		Distribution	M
111	76		104	86		2611	#3		262	78	
121	.75	n 24	103	84	ಸ್ವಕ್ತಚ	265	80	744	263	.77	.34
110	73	854	105	71	,86d	261	78	804	259	.16	
122	71	8 7 d	107	6.7	874	259	<u> </u>	814	264	0.5	
1119	69	نربط	113	61	Byd	264	71	820	260	us	
112	69	لنزير	124	39	89	26.1	.24		261	01	
116	06	لدوو	106	52	90	26.2	.23		265	10.	
115	60	نازو	102	51	91						
117	00	720	120	48	91						
114	61	اباً وَ	1 6145	44	92						
	-	-	114	44	93						

Table 2 (Continued)

Ver.	Leeding	Alpha	Var.	Loading	Alphe	Var.	Loading	Alpha	Var.	Loading	Alpha
					Job Satisfa	ction					
	Job Related Satisfaction	``	ι	ocal Area/So Satisfaction			Training			Base Faciliti	es
717 723 716 718 719 710 715 705 713 714	.75 .72 .69 .68 .63 .56 .52 .50	.62d .78d .79d .82d .84d .85d .86d .87d .88d	707 708 706 705 709 714 704 713 716 710	.81 .69 .45 .39 .36 .35 .33 .28	.63d .64 .72 .75 .77 .80	711 712 704 713 705 709 706 716 719 723	.80 .79 .45 .43 .39 .38 .35 .31	.71d .67 .73 .77 .80 .82 .84	721 720 722 707 715 704 714 718 717 711	.86 .78 .71 .20 .18 .17 .16 .14 .14	.75d .74d

		Need for E	nrich ment		
	Meaningful/ esponsible V			red Repeti Easy Tasks	
252	.87	_	255	.86	
253	.84	.85d	258	.83	.64
251	.84	. 88d	254	.22	
250	.83	91 d	251	.19	
254	.82	.92 d	250	.18	
249	.69	92	256	.14	
256	.68	.92	252	.13	
257	.66	.91	253	.09	
255	.10		249	.04	
258	.05		257	.04	

This factor recommended for deletion since in the overall OAP factor analysis variables listed here load on factor in the Supervisor Inventory.

NOTE: OAP variable numbers listed identify specific OAP items. These numbers can be found in Hendrix and Halverson (1979).

Becommend deletion since internal consistency index is low for variables recommended for inclusion. Additional variables not recommended for inclusion since they do not logically relate to the factor.

^cThis factor is weak in terms of internally consistency. Should this factor be included, additional items to strengthen it is recommended.

dRecommended for inclusion.

Table 3 Estimated Factor Score Regression Variables

			Estimated Fac	Factor Score Variables ^a
Analysis Number	Factor	R ²	Dependent Variable	Independent Variable
7	General Organizational Climate	.827	830	111, 121, 110, 122, 109, 112, 116, 115, 117, 114.
2	Organizational Communications Climate	.838	831	104, 103, 105, 107, 113
m	Job Related Satisfaction	678.	832	717, 723, 716, 718, 719, 710, 715, 705, 713, 714.
7	Perceived Productivity	686	833	260, 265, 261, 259, 264.
5	Job Enrichment	.743	840	215, 244, 210, 203, 201, 212, 230, 209, 217, 202.
9	Planning/Time Management	.883	841	224, 223, 225, 222, 219, 229, 232, 231, 231, 235.
7	Task Autonomy	.778	842	213, 204, 214, 248.
3 0	Advancement/Recognition	.764	843	239, 240, 234, 241.
5	Task Accomplishment	992.	844	218, 206, 228, 212, 201, 202, 230.
10	Work Repetition	. 835	845	226, 227.
11	Meaningful/Response	.920	978	252, 253, 251, 250, 254.
12	Management/Supervision	. 732	847	404, 412, 413, 416, 411, 414, 405, 410.
13	Supervisor Assistance/Feedback	.673	878	435, 437, 442, 433.
14	Autonomous Control	847	849	421, 419, 415, 417.
15	Training Satisfaction	.858	850	711, 712.
16	Base Facilities Satisfaction	776.	851	721, 720, 722.
aOAP variab	aOAP variable numbers listed identify specific OAP items,	These	numbers can	These numbers can be found in Hendrix and Halverson (1979).

in the prediction sub-set. These factor scores when computed on work groups in organizations provide reliable indices which can be used in a pre-test/post-test design with control groups to establish organizational effectiveness due to differential change strategies.

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